

Gazette of the United States, AND Philadelphia Daily Advertiser.

NUMBER 2097.]

PHILADELPHIA: MONDAY EVENING, JUNE 10, 1799.

[VOLUME XV.]

The price of this Gazette is Eight Dollars per annum to Subscribers residing in the city of Philadelphia. All others pay one Dollar additional, for enclosing and directing; and unless some person in this city will become answerable for the subscription, it must be paid Six Months in Advance.

FOR SALE,

The fast sailing SHIP
SWIFT PACKET.

She is well calculated as a Packet between this and the southern states, having handsome and extensive accommodations for passengers. She is well fitted for the freights or West India trade, and can be sent to sea at a trifling expense. The inventory may be seen and the terms of sale made known by applying to
N. & J. FRAZIER,
No. 95 South Front st.
d1w3-wif

The British Letter-of-Marque
NIGER,
For KINGSTON, (Jam.)
Now ready to take her cargo on board, can receive some freight. For terms apply to
ROSS & SIMSON.
\$

FOR BOSTON,

THE SLOOP
HERCULES,
James Lathrop, master,

Will sail in ten days; for freight or passage, apply to the captain on board at Chestnut street wharf, or to
JOSEPH ANTHONY & Co.
d1ot



SHIP BROKER'S OFFICE,

And Commission Street,
NO. 139, SOUTH FRONT STREET,
Next door to the Custom House.

THE Subscriber, encouraged by the advice of his friends, offers his service to the public as a Ship and Insurance Broker. He proposes to buy and sell vessels and every thing relating thereto—assist matters of vessels and others in entering and clearing at the Custom-House, procuring and shipping freight, settling Insurance and all other mercantile accounts, and have on hand the necessary Blanks and Stamps. Papers in foreign languages translated, and information given in general mercantile matters. From a knowledge gained by long experience of every branch of business he hopes to be useful to those who please to favor him with their commands.
SAMUEL EMERY.
november 10 d2w

Now Landing from the ship Delaware, from Canton and for sale by the Subscribers.

Hyon, }
Hyon Skin, }
Young Hyon, } F.E.A.S.
Souchong, }
Casson and Garden Fans, }
Nankens, }
China Ware, assorted, }
Umbrellas 13 to 30 inches, }
Silk Handkerchiefs, }
Hair Ribbons and Sewing Silks. }
They have also remaining on Hand }
Black Perfumes, Choppa and Pulicat Romalls, }
And a general assortment of Dry Goods as usual. }
Thomas & Joshua Fisker.
4th mo 26 \$

ROSS & SIMSON,
HAVE FOR SALE,
300 pieces 1st and 2d quality Ruffia Duck
100 pieces Ravens Duck (superior)
Boston Beef in Barrels,
A few bales Bengal COSSAS HUMHUMS.
1100 bushels St. Martins Salt.
april 11 \$

Just Received,
By the late arrivals from London and Hamburg,
and for sale by the Subscribers,
89 tons best St. Petersburg Hemp
599 pieces English Sailcloth
2 trunks, containing
Sattins
Ribbons
Silk Handkerchiefs
Perfian and Gauze
3 cases fashionable Ladies' Hats, &c.
10 cases Brillies
8 bales Tickenburgs, and
A few packages of
Dowlas
Cress a la Morlaix
Checks and Stripes
Bretagnes
25 Hhds Bourdeaux Brandy
20 pipes Spanish do
40 Hhds Bourdeaux Claret.
Erick & Lewis Bollmann.
No. 100 Spruce-street
d1f

The subscribers have on hand, and for sale at reduced prices, the following articles, viz.
Seventy Pipes London Particular Madeira Wine,
the vintage of '96, since when they have lain in a store well adapted to their improvement;
25 Chests of Young Hyon Tea;
An Invoice of well-assorted China—original cost between 8 and 900 dolls. in Canton.
HIGBEE & MILNOR.
march 21.

LAST NOTICE.

ALL persons having claims against the Estate of John McGowan, late of Caroline county, in the State of Maryland, deceased, are hereby requested to meet the subscriber in Denton, at Mr. Benjamin Dinney's, on the 3d Tuesday in May next, with their accounts properly attested, that there may be a dividend struck in said estate. Who neglect this notice will be after excluded.
SAMUEL LECOMTE, administrator.
Caroline County, April 8th. \$

Notice is hereby given,

THAT application will be made to the Treasury of the United States, for the renewal of the following Certificates of six per cent. and Deferred funded Stock, standing in the following names, the property of JOHN CLARK, Esq. of Yorkshire, in England; the said Certificates having been lost on board the Swallow Packet, captain Kidd, from Falmouth to New-York.
Dols. Cts. No.
5000 12731 dated March 7th, 1795, Register Certificate in favor of John and Francis Baring & Co. London.

3621 66 15070 do. March 17th, 1797, do. in favor of Braunschweig Kluppel Pasch & Co. of Amsterdam.
413 21 14823 do. Dec. 3d, 1796, do. in favor of F. L. Braunschweig of Amsterdam.
267 89 3536 do. March 15th, '96, do. in favor of do do
898 36 14235 do. May 17th, '96, in favor of do do
387 37 14678 do. Sept. 9th, '96, in favor of do do
3367 5 13242 do. May 27th, '95, in favor of Frederick Lodewyk Braunschweig of Amsterdam.
2711 2 3249 do. August 28th, '95, in favor of do do
2131 47 3305 do. July 23d, '95, in favor of do do
342 0 13860 do. Dec. 10th, '95, in favor of do do
298 22 3316 do. Aug. 23th, '95, in favor of do do
4000 0 13793 do. Nov. 16th, '95, in favor of John and Francis Baring & Co. London.
1500 0 13237 do. May 27th, '95, in favor of do do
1600 0 13798 do. Nov. 16th, '95, in favor of do do
9376 66 11963 do. Apr. 24th, '97, Commission of Loans of New-York, in favor of Jonathan Hoare of London.

36,014. 97 6 per cent stock.

Dols. Cts. No.
7997 93 1143 do. Mar. 2d, '93, Register Certificate to Herman Katenkamp of Great Britain.
7000 0 5757 do. do do do do do
1000 0 8883 do. Mar. 18th, '93, do do do do do do
1500 0 1176 do. do do do do do do
12000 0 900 do. Oct. 9th, '92, do do do do do do
700 43 912 do. Oct. 26th, '92, do do do do do do
10783 33 6076 do. May 13th, '93, do do do do do do
3000 0 6366 do. Aug. 6th, '93, do do do do do do
5000 0 6367 do. do do do do do do
8352 92 2868 do. May 16th, '95, Commission of Loans at New-York to Henry M. Bird of London.
4000 0 1717 do. Nov. 2d, '92, do do do do do do
3618 69 1718 do. do do do do do do
2634 0 3968 do. Nov. 3d, '92, do do do do do do
3000 0 1724 do. Nov. 6th, '92, do do do do do do
74587 30 Deferred 6 per cent Stock.
WILLING'S & FRANCIS.
may 25 d3m

Notice is hereby given,

THAT application will be made to the Treasury of the United States for the renewal of the following certificates of 6 per cent funded stock the said certificates having been lost on board the Swallow Packet, captain Kidd, from Falmouth to New-York:
No. 3072, Signed Joseph Nourle, in favor of Samuel and Henry Waddington, dated February 11, 1795, for dollars 2000
No. 2964, Signed Joseph Nourle, to William & Jan Willock, and Nicholas & Jacob Van Staphorst & Hubbard, agents for the United States at Amsterdam, dated January 31st, 1795 for 5000 dollars.

WILLING'S & FRANCIS.
may 25 d3m

FOR SALE,

At No. 246, High-Street,
A Handsome Coach,
Coach, Phaeton, & Pair of Horses,
Either separately or together.
Also—a handsome Narraganset Mare and Grey Horse, very easily gaited.
may 24 \$

JUST RECEIVED

From Barcelona, in the Danish brig Aurora,
Captain Schlichting,
416 pipes high-flavored Brandy,
364 facks Hazle Nuts, and a quantity of Curks,
FOR SALE BY
Thomas & John Kettland.
may 31 d14t

FOR SALE,

71 bales Surinam Cotton,
And a quantity of first quality RUSSIA DUCK.
APPLY TO
Isaac Harvey, jun.
No. 9, South Water Street.
may 29 d2w

Last Notice.

THE Commissioners appointed for carrying into effect the Twenty-Fifth Article of the Treaty of Friendship, Limits and Navigation, between his Catholic Majesty and the United States of America, hereby give notice to those persons whose claims have been filed in due time but who have not yet furnished the necessary documents, to produce the same at their office, on or before the seventeenth day of August next.
By order of the Commissioners,
PETER LOHRA, secretary.
Philadelphia, May 15, 1799. d1m

FOR SALE,

A Handsome New House,

Within 5 miles of the city.
TWO stories high, together with a grange lot, it is in a very good situation for business—the terms will be made very convenient to the purchaser. Enquire of the printer.
may 28 \$

Twenty-five Thousand Dollars

IS yet to let out for one year on good real estate, in this city and its vicinity, by mortgage. The title must be clear and the properties insured. Apply to
JOHN SHIELDS, Broker.
No. 22, Chestnut street.

ALL kinds of Public Securities, Bills of Exchange, Notes, &c. &c. bought and sold on commission.
may 30 d3w tm

Old French Brandy in large and

small casks
100 boxes 7 by 9 & 8 by 10 Window Glafs
20 chest pint & half-pint Tumblers, assorted
226 whole & 6 half-tiers Rice,
FOR SALE BY
Gurney & Smith.
may 1, 1799 \$

TO BE SOLD,

An Invoice of Woollens,
CONSISTING of Coarse and Fine Cloths,—principally Dark Blue, and printed Cassimeres—apply to
Owen & Jonathan Jones,
No. 151 Market-Street.
april 29 \$

Freight to be had.

THE Subscribers have 3000 bushels of SALT to ship to the Havana or New-Orleans—Any person who will take it at a moderate freight will please apply at No. 95, North Water-street, to
PRATT & KINTZING.

Who have for Sale, 70 tons Hemp, 14 pipes choice Old Port Wine, Claret, Roll Brandy, Havanna Segars, Demyjohns, Window Glafs, Stripes, Tickenburgs and Ozaabrigs, Checks, Glues, &c. &c.
may 20 m & f gw

NOTICE.

THE Following certificates of

shares of the stock of the Bank of the United States have been lost or destroyed at sea, to wit 13 shares in the name of Peter Blight, of which 5 shares No. 4185, 5 shares No. 4186, and 3 shares No. 4187, and 6 shares in the name of John Barker Church, No. 2058, which were forwarded by the Countess of Leicester packet from Falmouth for New-York—and ten shares of said stock in the name of Stadthufki & Son, of Amsterdam, No. 1796, which were forwarded by the Packet from Falmouth for New-York in November 1794; and for the renewal of which application is made at the said Bank, and all persons concerned are desired to take notice.
CLEMENT BIDDLE.
march 12 d3m

Lost or Misaid,

A CERTIFICATE of one share of the Bank of the United States, No. 4933, in the name of Julia Wadsworth Knox, and for which, application is made at the Bank of the United States for the renewal of said certificate; and all persons concerned are desired to take notice.
CLEMENT BIDDLE.
may 23 d3m

Lost, last evening,

A GREY-HOUND,

of the English breed;
HAS a brass collar round her neck with the name of Thomas Sterling on it; body quite white, except a small spot on her left side; each cheek of a dove colour; answers to the name of Dove. Whoever has taken her up, and will deliver her at the Indian Queen, shall be rewarded.
may 10 \$

NOTICE,

A Certificate of one share of Bank Pennsylvania stock, No. 725, in my name, having been lost or misaid, application is made at the said Bank for renewal of the same; all persons concerned are desired to take notice.
JOHN VAUGHAN.
april 20 d6w

The creditors of the subscriber,

ARE requested to take notice that he has applied to the court of common pleas, for the county of Bucks, to extend to him the benefit of an act of the legislature of this state, passed the 4th of April, 1798, for the benefit of insolvent debtors, and the said court have appointed the 1st Monday in August next, to hear him and his creditors at the court house in the borough of Reading, in the county of Berks.
JOHN MORROW.
Reading, May 18 (21) d3w

BOARDING.

A few Young Men can be accommodated with Genteel Board on reasonable terms, at No. 8 Cherry Alley—the situation is pleasant and healthy.
may 25 d4t

THE PARTNERSHIP OF

TUNIS, ANNESLEY & Co.

BEING dissolved by the death of Thomas Roberts, all those who have any demands against them are desired to furnish their accounts and those indebted to said firm are requested to make immediate payment to Richard Tunis & Robert Annesley, surviving partners, who purpose continuing the business as usual under the firm of
TUNIS & ANNESLEY.
And have for sale,
James River, }
Georgia, } TOBACCO
Carolina, } Of good quality.
Maryland, }
5th mo 28th d6t

Notice.

A CERTIFICATE of one share of Bank of United States stock standing in the name of DUCAS DE VAILLON, having been lost or misaid, application is made at the said Bank for renewal of the same; all persons concerned are desired to take notice.
Abraham Van Beuren.
march 20, d3m

Delaware & Schuylkill Canal Office,

Philadelphia, May 9, 1799.

IN pursuance of a resolution of the president and managers of the Delaware and Schuylkill Canal Company, the Stock-holders are hereby notified and required to pay, on each of their respective shares, to the Treasurer of the Company, at the Company's Office in this city,
15 dollars on the 15th June next,
20 dollars on the 15th July next, and
20 dollars on the 15th August next.
Wm. GOVETT, Treasurer.
mctuwaw(dfr.12013A)

FOR SALE, OR TO LET,

A large and elegant Brick House,
Situate in south Fourth street, near the market. For terms apply to
BENJAMIN NONES.
No. 76, North Front Street.
May 30 1st

Three or four gentlemen may be accommodated with Board and Lodging, at Mrs. McKee's, No. 29, north Eighth street.
may 30 th fa.mo. tf

MAIL COACHEES

Between PHILADELPHIA and BALTIMORE,

Leave Philadelphia every day, (Sunday excepted) at 8 o'clock, A. M. arrive at Baltimore the next day, by 9 o'clock, A. M.
Returning.
Leave Baltimore every day, (Sunday excepted) at 4 o'clock, A. M. and arrive at Philadelphia the next day, by 9 o'clock, A. M.

Between New-York and PHILADELPHIA.

Leave Philadelphia every day (Sunday excepted) at 12 o'clock at noon, arrive at New-York the next morning, by 8 o'clock.
Returning.
Leave New-York every day (Sunday excepted) at one o'clock, P. M. and arrive at Philadelphia the next morning, by 7 o'clock.

Seats in the Mail Coaches to be taken in New-York.

At Butman's Office, No. 5, Cortland-street.

In Philadelphia.

At Francis' Hotel, No. 13, south Fourth-street, and at the Franklin Inn, No. 59, north Second street.

In Baltimore.

Fare for Passengers, 8 Dollars from Philadelphia to New-York, and 8 Dollars from Philadelphia to Baltimore.
All baggage over 14lb. weight, is carried at 5 cents per pound.
The Proprietors are not responsible for baggage.

Agent for the Public Line, from Philadelphia to Baltimore.

WARD, BROADHURST, JONES & Co.
Proprietors of the Mail Line, from Philadelphia to New-York.
General Post-Office, }
May 11 \$

TREASURY DEPARTMENT,

May 29th, 1799.

THE proprietors of certificates issued for subscriptions to the Loan bearing interest at eight per centum per annum, are notified, that at any time after payment shall have been made of the 5th instalment, which will become due during the first ten days of the month of July ensuing, Certificates of Funded Stock may at their option be obtained at the Treasury or Loan Office, respectively, for the amount of the four first instalments, or one moiety of the sums expressed in the subscription certificates:—No certificates of Funded Stock will however be issued for less than one hundred dollars.

Such subscription certificates as may be presented at the Treasury or Loan Offices in consequence of the foregoing arrangement, will be endorsed and distinctly marked so as to denote, that a moiety of the stock has been issued.

OLIVER WOLCOTT,

Secretary of the Treasury.

A beautiful Country Seat, for Sale

SITUATED on the bank of the Delaware, joining lands of Matthias Sipler and Mr. John Duffield, 13 miles from Philadelphia and 7 miles from Bristol.
The buildings consist of a new two story Frame House and Kitchen adjoining—3 rooms on a floor, a Piazza the whole front of the House, a Pump of excellent water, also a good garden and orchard—10 acres of land will be sold with the premises, but more can be had if required. There is a gravelly thure at the river, the water stages for Burlington pass every day in the summer season, and the land stages for New-York within half a mile; any person inclining to purchase may know the terms of sale and other particulars by enquiring at No. 12, Dock-street, or No. 161, South Second-street.
june 1 \$

NOTICE.

THE partnership of Joshua B. Bond, and John Brooks, trading under the firm of Bond & Brooks, is this day dissolved by mutual consent, all persons indebted to them, are requested to make immediate payment to Joshua B. Bond, and those having demands to present their accounts to him for settlement,
Joshua B. Bond.
John Brooks.
april 1 \$

Valuable Lands for Sale.

ON Tuesday the 20th of August next, I shall expose to public sale, at the town of New-Market, in Dorchester county, all that valuable tract or parcel of land commonly called the Choptank Indian Lands, situated on the south side and binding on the Choptank river several miles, supposed to contain about six thousand acres, to be divided into lots to contain from 100 to 500 acres each: The terms of sale as follow, viz. Purchasers to give bond immediately after the sale with approved security, conditioned for the payment of the purchase money, with interest from the day of sale, in four equal annual instalments, agreeably to an act, entitled, "An act appointing commissioners to contract for and purchase the lands commonly called the Choptank Indian Lands in Dorchester county, and for appropriating the same to the use of this state, and to repeal the act of assembly therein mentioned," passed at November session, 1798.

WM. MARBURY, Agent
for the State of Maryland.
april 19, d3m

FOR BALTIMORE,

THE SHIP

MARY-ANN,

Will positively sail on Wednesday next, and take freight on reasonable terms. Apply to
WILLIAM BELL.
3t

Phila. June 8.

UNITED STATES of

Pennsylvania District,

NOTICE is hereby given that in pursuance of a writ to me directed from the Hon. Richard Peters Esq. Judge of the District Court of the United States in and for the Pennsylvania District will be exposed to public Sale at Penrol's Wharf on Wednesday the 19th day of June (instant) at ten o'clock in the forenoon.
The ship or vessel
CALL THE
ELIZA.

With all and singular her guns, Tackle, apparel, and Furniture and the cargo found on board the same consisting of one Trunk Umbrellas, two hundred and forty three cases of Claret, sixteen boxes and seven bales of German Linens, ninety-six barrels of Rice, nine bales of German Linens, one box of white Sheetting, two boxes of Glafs Ware, three bales of Glue, one cask of Camphire, six boxes Glafs Ware, one cask of Lamps, five cases Mahogany Furniture, six packages Mahogany chairs, four cask fl. oil chains, Eleven barrels of Rice, one box of Cheels, one box brown Holland, thirty barrels Rice, two boxes Glafs Ware, one box Quills, two boxes platillas, two bales of Plentif Linen, one box of German Linen, one box of Tipe, one box of thread, two bales of German Linen, one Trunk of Sundries, three boxes of Sundries fifteen bundles of printing paper, twenty four bbls. Rice, forty boxes of Soap, one box platillas fifty window chairs, twenty five half and one hundred and twelve barrels Rice, Eight boxes and four bales Linens, two boxes and one bundle sundries, one case of L. oking Glasses, One copper Kettle and two Dutch Ovens.

Also to be sold at same wharf on Wednesday the 19th inst at ten o'clock in the forenoon, six hundred Barrels of Flour, seven casks of Hams, one hundred kegs of Raisins, one large and seven small boxes of Cinnamon water, twenty-five kegs of Raisins, twenty kegs of Figs and eight boxes of Manna. Recaptured from a certain French armed vessel called La Telenague the same having been libelled against, prosecuted and condemned at the suit of Thomas Tingey Esq. commander of the public armed ship Gauges, in behalf of himself and the other officers and the crew thereof for Salvage.

William Nichols, marshal.

Marshall's Office, 8th June, '99.

N. B. The inventory of the ship may be seen at my office.

Will be Sold,

At 11 o'clock on Thursday next, at the Cellular under the First Presbyterian Church in Market Street, between Second and Third Streets—
FIFTY PIPES OF GENUINE
OLD PORT WINE,
In pipes, half pipes and qr. casks.
Conditions of Sale—all purchasers of two pipes and upwards, approved notes at ninety days, and all purchasers of one pipe and under, cash.

CONNELLY & Co. Auctioneers.

June 6.

WILLIAM BONNAR

INFORMS the public that business of importance calling him to Europe, he is obliged to decline his trade in Market Street.

ALL PERSONS indebted to him, and those to whom he is indebted, will please to apply to Mr. George Dehsm, no. 92, Market Street, for the settlement of their respective accounts, who is duly empowered for that purpose.
June 3

A YOUNG MAN

OF respectable connections, may hear of a situation in an Attorney's Office, where he will have an opportunity of learning conveyancing, &c. by applying to the printer.
Philadelphia, June 7 \$

TO BE LET

FOR FIVE MONTHS OR LONGER,
A GENTLE convenient three story BRICK HOUSE situate in Eighth between N Market and Arch streets; has lately been papered and painted. Enquire at No. 110, fourth Second Street.
N. B. A convenient Cellar to let.
june 8 \$

NOTICE.

THE Gentlemen composing the Committee of Chester County appointed for the purpose of promoting the Election of JAMES ROSS Esq. of Pittsburgh for Governor of the State of Pennsylvania, and such other Gentlemen of said County who are willing to support the Election of Mr. Ross, are particularly requested to meet at West Chester on Tuesday the 12th of June 1799.

WILLIAM GIBBONS,

Corresponding member of the Committee of Chester County.

West-Chester, may 24th, june 8 d1d1J

NOTICE,

THE Creditors of Timothy Cashman are desired to take notice that he hath applied to the Hon. Court of Common Pleas, for obtaining the benefit of the Law passed the 4th day of April, 1798, for the "Benefit of insolvent debtors," and the Court has been pleased to appoint the 24th day of this present month for hearing the subscriber and his creditors, at the State House in this city, where they may attend if they think proper
TIMOTHY CASHMAN.
Philadelphia, June 8th, '99 3t

Notice to Creditors.

THE Creditors of the Subscriber, will please to take notice, that he hath applied to the honorable Judges of the Court of Common Pleas in and for the county of Philadelphia, for the benefit of the act of Assembly, passed for the relief of insolvents, on the 14th day of April, 1798, and they have appointed the 24th of June, instant, at 10 o'clock in the morning, for the hearing of him and his creditors, at the State House, in the city of Philadelphia, when and where they may attend if they think proper
NICHOLAS FAGON.
Philadelphia June 8, '99. 3t

By this Day's Mail.

PORTLAND, June 3.

Very late from Europe.

Last Saturday evening arrived ship *Cornelia*, capt. Prince, 30 days, only, from Liverpool—but owing to the stormy weather she did not get up to town till yesterday. Capt. Prince has politely furnished me with London papers to the 29th April 17 days later than before received. The most important articles follow:

The French Beaten!

The LONDON GAZETTE of April 27.

This gazette contains a minute detail from the Vienna Gazette of the 16th inst. of the desperate engagement between the Archduke and gen. Jourdan, at Stockach, on the 23th ult.

The narrative relates a continuance, during several hours of the alternate successes and active valor of each army, and the ultimate success of the Austrians, as proceeding not more from unceasing exertion than from the ability with which not only the Archduke but all the officers under him profited by every means that occurred during the long continuance of the fight.

His royal highness speaks in the most animated terms of the gallantry and talents of the prince de Furstenberg, and Anhalt-Bernburg, who died in the field of battle, as well as of the prince of Anhalt-Cohen, who, perceiving that his cavalry could not act, solicited to be allowed to act on foot, led a division to the attack; of the prince of Furstenberg, who, seeing a favorable opportunity, attacked without waiting for orders; and in fact of all the officers and troops.

This gazette also details, from the same high authority, the particulars of the battle of Legnago and Verona on the 26th of March, the details of which have been already given in the official bulletins. Gen. Kray, who commanded in chief the Austrian army, follows the highest encomiums on generals Frolich and Latterman, Marquis Chasteler, Colonels Rudi, Abfalter, Someriva, Skal, and Zach; Lieut. Cols. Mercurio and Korber, the first of whom was killed and the latter wounded. The French admit they lost in this action 2000 men, amongst whom were Generals Vignolles killed, and Delmas wounded. The Austrians took 8 pieces of cannon, 3 howitzers, 32 ammunition waggons, and 1200 prisoners. The battle of Verona began by the French early in the morning of the 26th, whose object was to take that city by surprise, for the purpose of compensating the army, which, as they had already subsisted 15 days without pay, they should be indemnified with two hours' pillage of the city. The French carried, were twice beaten from, and again took; and during the day kept the post of St. Lucia; they likewise 7 times took and were beaten from St. Mammo. The battle lasted with unprecedented obstinacy for 18 hours. Gen. Keim, who relates prodigies of valor of his officers and men, was carried wounded off the field. The Austrian loss consisted of 11 officers and 90 men killed; 42 officers and 2675 men wounded. The French at St. Lucia took 1000 men, but during the action lost from 8 to 10,000.

The second battle of Verona, fought on the 26th March, was occasioned by 15,000 French attempting to surprise that city; when the Austrians, by a skilful and gallant movement, destroying a bridge, the enemy lost 1000 men, together with 1112 prisoners. On the 2d inst. the Austrians took 29 officers and 800 privates, prisoners at Villa Franca, with 2 pieces of cannon, and threw some shells into Pefchiera; and having taken one armed vessel and destroyed another, the French sunk the rest and took their crews to Ferrara.

Field marshal Bellegarde writes from Schlutern, April 4, that after an obstinate resistance from the French near Taufers, Munster, &c. he had driven them past Cysenex, with the loss of 3 pieces of cannon and 300 prisoners besides a considerable number killed and wounded; the Austrians have likewise materially suffered.

From the report of Field marshal lieutenant Kray of the 4th inst. it appears that the advanced guard of general count Hohenzollern had taken more than 500 prisoners; and gen. count Kleinau states, that being desirous of attacking with one company, two gun boats which were in the Po d'Ariano, and having passed the river for that purpose the inhabitants of the island Ariano had shown great satisfaction, had taken up arms, had seized upon the boats, and made 60 Frenchmen prisoners. On the 2d the enemy attempting to reconnoitre from Offigia to Merlava, were opposed by the armed peasantry, and forced to retire.

Vienna, April 12.

The Field marshal lieutenant Kray has sent the following account:—The enemy, after the check sustained on the 30th ult. near Verona, had descended the Adige and taken post between that river and the Tartaro, from whence they threatened to re-pass the Adige. But field marshal Kray, understanding that they had been unable to rally all their forces, took the resolution of attacking them immediately. The enemy's head quarters were at Isola della Scala, one camp near Magnan, opposite to our army under Verona, and a second near Luca, on the rivulet Maneggio, opposite to Legnano. Field marshal Kray's plan was first to attack the enemy's camp near Magnan, and to penetrate, if possible, as far as Isola della Scala. He accordingly drew near the enemy on the 5th inst. and at ten in the morning attacked them with 3 columns, supported by a fourth. The action soon became general; the enemy made a most obstinate resistance. The ground was a long time disputed, but the

firmness and bravery of the Imperial troops obtained the victory. The enemy were routed on all sides, and driven from their camp at Magnan. Night coming on put an end to the combat.

During the night the Imperial troops formed a line by Lecadre, Cappel d'Azano, Hata Fredda and Valesse, to watch the motions of the enemy, after this second defeat. At the departure of the courier we had already taken 11 pieces of cannon, 30 ammunition waggons, 7 standards, and above 2000 prisoners. Our loss in killed and wounded is estimated by field marshal lieutenant Kray, at 2000 men; that of the enemy must be far more considerable as his majesty's troops performed prodigies of valor.

Vienna, April 13.

According to two accounts of the 5th and 7th inst. from the archduke Charles, it appears that the enemy who were posted at Freudenstadt, Homberg and Neustadt, moved and attacked a part of his royal highness's army with great force at Alpiersbach, Frieberg and Turwangien, and at the same time ordered their advanced posts to march towards Sulz on the Neckar, where there was a small Austrian corps. The archduke immediately sent general Nauendorff forward with a reinforcement of several battalions, and ordered him to attack the enemy on every point, and to endeavour to drive them back to the mountains. Gen. Gorgier at the same time marched towards Alpiersbach, whilst Generals Meerfeld and Guilay moved to Frieberg and St. George, where they attacked the enemy, dispersed them, took many prisoners, and one ammunition wagon. At the same time gen. Clingling moved towards Neustadt, which post the enemy left on his approach. Gen. Kienmeyer, who had been in the neighborhood of Schaffhausen and Stein, repulsed a strong detachment of the enemy, and pursued them as far as Schaffhausen, where his (Gen. Kienmeyer's) advanced posts now are. The enemy having some apprehensions for Stein and Dillenhausen, burnt the bridges at both places.

On the 5th it was reported at all the advanced posts, that the enemy had retreated from every quarter, as far as Freudenstadt, where the rear of the French Gen. St. Cyr's division was still posted. Lieut. Col. Steinhof, of the Blankenstein regiment of hussars, pursued the enemy with great spirit near Homberg, fell in with them, killed some and took several prisoners. On the 7th the enemy also retreated from Freudenstadt, and abandoned several posts on the Kneibitz, from whence they marched by Obenkirch towards Kehl, to which place several other columns, who were directed their march to Laar through Offenburg, had retreated. The column from Freyburg took the road to old Breybach, where they passed the Rhine and broke down the bridge behind them. The Archduke ordered his light troops to pursue the enemy in every direction, and took possession of all the principal positions which the enemy had abandoned, the army being now posted in the neighborhood of Villengen, Donauefchingen, and Engen.

London, April 28.

Mr. Grenville, according to his latest dispatches, has in a material degree, accomplished the object of his mission to Berlin. By these it appears (we speak from an authority of the highest respectability) that his Prussian Majesty entertains a spirit of decided hostility to France, and has hitherto been only restrained from open warfare by jealousy against Austria, excited by the secret articles of the treaty of Campo Formio. One part of this compact has been promulgated by the French, the remainder has gained publicity through the cabinet of St. Petersburg, to whom it was confided. It now appears that the Emperor and France had made some arrangements and allotments of the Prussian dominions not precisely consonant with the collective interest of that state, and that Silesia in particular was to be annexed to the Austrian territory. Prussia, two months since, declared its willingness to engage in the coalition against France provided Austria exhibited the treaty in question; but these terms not being ceded to, a second condition has been proposed, namely, that England and Russia guarantee his Prussian Majesty, not against the possible calamities and losses of war, but against any sacrifices, which might be sought to be made of his interest on the conclusion of a peace. In the event of such a guarantee, which the Courts of London and St. Petersburg, we understand, do not hesitate in acceding to, Prussia promises without subsidy, to employ one hundred thousand men against the tyrants of France.

Gen. TOURDAN has resigned his command in the armies, and returned to Paris. Admiral Rainier has been indefatigable in collecting a strong squadron in the Red Sea—His Majesty's ship *Victorious*, of 74 Centurion, of 50, and the Company's ship *Belvidere*, mounting 54 guns, had sailed for that station, and were immediately to be followed by some merchant vessels which have been fitted for war.

Government has received dispatches from Capt. Trowbridge who commands the British squadron off the Nile, dated 17th Feb. these state, on the authority of accounts from the continent most satisfactorily accredited, that the plague, uncommonly extensive and virulent, had broken out in Egypt; and that the French troops were literally and specifically dying by thousands. They add, that should this malady continue its destructive influence for six weeks longer, that it was not probable a Frenchman would be left in Egypt. No fresh operation had been undertaken against Alexandria, as Captain Trowbridge awaited the arrival of Sir Sidney Smith, with troops, &c. from the Archipelago.

In pursuance of the agreement subsisting between the English and Spanish Governments, several American vessels having on board the produce of the Spanish Transatlantic dominions, such as sugar, cocoa, &c. have been suffered to enter Cadiz, and other ports in Spain; Swedish and Danish vessels are not allowed like privileges.

Intelligence is said to have been received from Holland, that the Orangists, taking advantage of the absence of the troops which had been detached to reinforce the French army of the Rhine, had effected a counter-revolution in favor of the Stadtholder.

An article from Lisbon, dated April 6, says, the Court of Madrid had refused a proposition of the Directory to garrison with French the fortresses of Ceuta, Figueras, &c. "to prevent their falling into the hands of the English;" that Buonaparte had been assassinated, and his army, reduced to 10,000 men, obliged to retire to Alexandria; and that several British and Irish had, with the concurrence of Mr. Walpole, been taken up at Lisbon for private assemblies, which they asserted were Freemasons meetings.

Massena was, by an arrete of the 15th, appointed Commander in chief of the armies in Helvetia and Germany, with powers to appoint provisionally all Generals, &c. attached to those armies. Massena on the 12th went from Strasbourg to Balle.

Kehl has been declared in a state of siege, and its communications cut off by the Austrians. Erneout has 12,000 French there, but it is said to be ill supplied, and particularly of artillery, 80 pieces of which going to Kehl, it is added, were taken at Frieberg.

A Russian ship, of 130 guns, and two of 66, were last month launched at Petersburg, in presence of the Emperor, who is said to have ordered his cruisers to capture all neutral vessels bound to French ports.

The Batavian as well as French Directory, have placed all their seamen in a state of requisition.

Sir Sidney Smith arrived at Rhodes the middle of February, and after staying there one day, proceeded for Egypt. The *Thetis* and *Culloden*, of 74 guns, on the 3d of February, covered the bombardment of Alexandria.

LONDON, APRIL 29.

After this paper was at press, we received the Paris Journals of 6 to late a date as Thursday last. Excepting the evacuation, by the French, of Schaffhausen, which took place on the 15th inst., and the resignation of the command in Italy by General SCHERRER, they do not contain any new events of importance.

The official details of the military operations both in Suabia and Italy are in the Gazette of Saturday. All the actions in Italy up to the 5th inclusive have been contested with astonishing obstinacy, & attended with dreadful slaughter. Indeed in every quarter victory seems to have depended in a greater degree upon the courage and perseverance of the troops, than upon any extraordinary display of talent and manoeuvre upon the part of their leaders. The war has been a series of bloody attacks incessantly repeated, rather than an exertion of skill and tactics. The French appear to have been desirous by persevering efforts to establish a superiority over the Austrians, and to gain some of their most valuable positions before the arrival of the Russians. On no occasions has there been a greater display of gallantry, and it is honourable to the Austrians, that in a quarter where their army, in expectation of assistance of their auxiliaries, was not very numerous, not only maintained their ground, but in their turn attacked with such signal success.

The loss on both sides in the battle of the 5th was very great, but the Austrians drove the enemy from all their positions. The official accounts, however, do not state whether the enemy were retreating, or were preparing for a new attack. Probably after so much disaster the impetuosity of the French would no longer enable them to undertake fresh attempts. The arrival of the Russians will be very seasonable to allow some respite to the Austrians, exhausted by such sanguinary conflicts.

FRANCE.

COUNCIL OF FIVE HUNDREDS.

Sitting of April 17.

In pursuance of the President's invitation, the Council resolved itself into a General Committee, to hear the reading of a Message from the Directory.

At three o'clock the sitting became public, and a second reading of the Message was called for. The proposition was opposed by a great number of members, and the question being put, the President declared it was negatived.

Remonstrances and murmurs, were heard from all quarters of the Council.

Fabre (de l'Aude) asked why the message, which contained nothing that ought to be concealed, and only stated as a certainty that the levy of the 200,000 men was not complete, should not be read?

The President once more put the question on the reading of the message, and it was carried in the affirmative. The substance of it is as follows:

"The Executive Directory thinks it its duty to acquaint you, Citizen Representatives, that notwithstanding all the activity and care employed in the execution of the law with respect to the Conscription, the levy of 200,000 men is not entirely effected, and that the list is still far from being completed. But the greatness of the efforts made by the coalition, requires that we should rapidly call into action all our resources, in order to force it to the conclusion of a general peace."

"The pressure of the circumstances is known to you, it is a matter of instant urgency to give to the Directory the power of taking from the 2d and 3d cloys the number of men necessary to complete the levy. You also will form a judgment that it is in want of a certain latitude of acting to ascertain the result of that measure. It thinks necessary to declare, that it cannot be delayed without exposing the Republic to danger, and compromising the glory of her arms, and the safety of her allies. By assuring to our army a great superiority, the measure may also spare the effusion of blood, and finally compel our enemies to respect us."

The Council declared the urgency of the message, and directed it should be carried into effect.

April 27.

The beginning of this campaign has been still more active and more bloody in Italy than in Germany and fortunately has not been left to the advantage of the Austrians.

Ascending from Italy towards Germany we see that the triumphs of the Austrians in these two countries have forced the French to abandon all the posts of which they had taken possession in the Tyrol to withdraw into the Grison Country thus to lose the benefits of the progress which they had made in the centre.

The time is now past for the French to attempt carrying their great plan of conquest into execution from the Necker to the Adige and they are now reduced to a defensive campaign, which they will find it difficult to support. There is no doubt that General Bellegarde and Hotze, who have under their command a considerable force, will speedily employ it in forwarding those designs which the Archduke is now in the situation to form. It will not be true, be long before we hear of some important enterprises on their part and we flatter ourselves that one of the first will be the driving of the French from the Grison country the only remnant of conquest which now remains in their possession.

The whole of the French army excepting part of the army of observation and a corps destined for the defence of Kehl, has repulsed the Rhine. This latter fortress, or rather entrenched camp, has been summoned and we flatter ourselves that if the Austrians attempt to retake it will neither cost them so much time nor so much trouble as in 1796 and 1797. Gen. Zillay appears to have succeeded in cutting off the retreat of General St. Cyr from Kehl, and in making himself master of a great quantity of artillery.

LINDAU, April 6.

Jourdan's retreat has destroyed the whole French plan of operations. General Massena is now attempting to defend Switzerland, and all his forces are assembling between Rheinau and Constance. His head quarters were, on the 4th at Rheinau, from whence they have been moved to Geisberg. He is himself gone to Balle.

General Hotze, Jellachich and Bellegarde, were preparing to make a general attack upon the Grisons, the moment the Archduke enters Switzerland by Schaffhausen. It appears there are great troubles in that country. General Hotze has not yet entered the canton of Zurich.

NEW-YORK, June 8.

Extract of a letter from a gentleman in Ireland, dated Cove of Cork, April 20, '99, to a mercantile house of the first respectability, in this city.

"Flax Seed continues tumbling; £6 8, is now the nominal price in Dublin, and I think it will be lower."

The brig George, Waite, arrived yesterday in 48 days from the Cove of Cork, sailed on the 21st April, under Convoy of the Boston frigate and a sloop of war, in company with about 80 sail of vessels, amongst which are the following:

Ship Argo, of Philadelphia.
Catharine, do.
Atlanta, Baltimore, do.
St. Tammany, do.
Brig Light Horse, do.
Ship Atlantic, for Portsmouth,
Snow Adolpho, Norfolk,
Brig Little Sarah, Albany,
Ship Nonpareil, do.
Atlas, do.
Portland, do.
Brig Wallington, do.
Three Friends, do.

Left the convoy on the 4th of March, in a gale, off the Western Islands.

A 74 and 64, with 6 transports, arrived at Cork the day before the brig George sailed, having on board 2500 troops from Portsmouth, England. The subject of Union betwixt Great Britain and Ireland was revived; it was supposed to be a settled business; as no opposition to the measure was expected in the Irish Parliament. Ireland continued in rather an unsettled state.

REMOVAL.

ROBERT COE & SON,
HAVE REMOVED THEIR
Brush Manufactory and Ironmongery Store,
to No. 175, Market Street, nearly opposite the
Consul's Office, where they have for sale
as usual, home manufactured and imported
Brushes of almost every description, together with a
general assortment of Ironmongery, Cutlery, Sadlery,
and Brass wares, to which they expect by
the spring vessels, an ample addition.
4th mo. 10. codf

BOTTLED PORTER,
For sale at
HARE'S BREWERY.
June 6. 3t

FOR SALE.

That beautiful and healthy Farm called
SUNBURY,
ON Nehaminy creek, one mile from the
bridge and three miles from Bridol. It contains
232 acres, 73 of which are good woodland,
a proportion of meadow on which was cut 50 tons
good hay last year; there is every convenience
on this farm for a gentleman or a farmer; the
orchard contains all sorts of grafted fruit of the
best kind; it is to well known that further
description is thought unnecessary. If it is not sold
at private sale before the 30th inst. it will, on that
day, be sold at the Office House. For terms apply to
NICKLIN & GRIFFITH,
Attorneys in fact for
WALTER SIMS.
June 4. dxtwoth inst.

TO LET.

THAT LARGE AND ELEGANT
HOUSE,
No. 192, MARKET STREET,
Next door above the President's. For terms
Inquire of
ROBERT KID,
No. 201, Market Street.
June 5. 201W

The Gazette.

PHILADELPHIA.

MONDAY EVENING, JUNE 30.

POST OFFICE.

Philadelphia 8th June 1799.
Letters for the British Packet *James* for Falmouth will be received at this office until Tuesday 11th inst. at 12 o'clock noon.
N. B. The inland Postage to New-York must be paid.

PRICES OF STOCKS.

PHILADELPHIA, JUNE 3.
Six per Cent. 13 to 16
Three per Cent. 9/6
Deferred 6 per Cent. 14/4
BANK United States, 20 per cent.
— Pennsylvania, 18 ditto.
— North America, 46 per cent.
Insurance comp N.A. shares 29 ditto
— Pennsylvania, shares, 33 ditto
3 per cent Scrip 6 to 7 per cent below par
East-India Company of N.A. 5 per cent. advance
COURSE OF EXCHANGE
On London, 51 at 30 days
50 at 60 & 90 days
Amsterdam, 35 & 37-100 per florin
Hamburg 30 23d-100 per Mark Banco.

MACPHERSON'S BLUES.

LEGIONARY ORDERS.

Philadelphia, June 6, 1799.
The first and second troop of Horse
the Artillery, Grenadiers & Infantry in the city
are ordered to parade on Tuesday next, the 11th
inst. at 4 o'clock, P. M. on the Centre Square,
completely equipped.—Blank cartridges will be
furnished on the parade.
By order of Brigadier Gen. Macpherson,
JNO. McCALLEY, Adj.

POTTSBORO, JUNE 7, 1799.

THE Montgomery county
Light Dragoons (those who are for the support
of the Federal Government, and no
others) will meet at Pottsgrove the 4th day
of July next, at 11 o'clock, forenoon, in
uniform.

ROBERT SHAW, Captain.

N. B. The above troop are now duly
commissioned, notwithstanding the opposition
given by a certain John Richards and the
Brigade Inspector George Weaver, both
sworn Democrats.—Richards is now making
all the interest in his power to get into the
Senate in the room of Mr. Potts; he did
his best endeavors in Pottsgrove to get into
the Assembly last election, and was to votes
behind.

One of Richards' gang had the impudence
to say in Pottsgrove the other day, that if
Fries was not executed he would certainly be
returned a member of the Assembly at the
next election. The writer of this would
rather see Richards and Snell both hang
than this should come to pass.

This Richards is at the head of about
700 hundred deluded men, and the only man
in Montgomery county that caused the in-
surrection there, by the symbol of sedition
that he had put up at the Swamp Church
the 22d of Feb. last.

For the author, enquire of the printer.

TO BE LET.

A large and commodious three story
HOUSE,
Situated at the corner of Second and Union
streets.

There are 4 rooms on a floor, and back buildings
three story high, with excellent cellars under
the whole.—Also a large yard with
Stables and Coach House.

Apply to ARCHIBALD McCALL,
No. 127 Fourth Second Street.
June 8. codf

UNITED STATES, } Is.

Pennsylvania District, }

BY virtue of a pluries writ of vendition ex-
ponas to me directed by the honorable
Richard Peters, Esquire, Judge of the District
Court of the United States in and for the Penn-
sylvania district, will be exposed to public sale
at the Merchants' Coffee House, in the city of
Philadelphia, on Monday the 10th day of June
inst. at 7 o'clock in the evening, all that certain
two story brick messuage with the lot or piece
of ground thereunto belonging, situate on the
fourth side of Chestnut Street, between 6th and
7th streets from the river of Delaware, the lot
containing in breadth on Chestnut Street one hun-
dred and one feet, and in depth two hundred and
thirty five feet to George Street, now in the pos-
session of James O'Ellers.—Also one three story
brick messuage nearly finished, and the lot there-
unto belonging, situate on the east side of 6th
Street between Walnut and Spruce streets, con-
taining in breadth on Sixth Street twenty two
feet, and in depth one hundred and seventy-
seven feet.

The terms of sale of the property in Chestnut
Street, are to be one third of the purchase money
to be paid in ten days, one third in six and the
remaining third in twelve months, with inter-
est from the day of sale. If default in payment,
the premises to be put up to sale again at the
risk of the purchaser.

No title to be made unless other satisfactory
security is offered and accepted till payment of
the last installment.

The house and lot of ground thereunto be-
longing, situate in Sixth Street, will be sold for
cash, to be paid on the delivery of the deed.
Seized and taken in execution as the prop-
erty of John Swanwick, Esq. deceased,
and to be sold by

WILLIAM NICHOLS, Marshal.
Marshal's Office, at } ditto June
Phila. 11th June, 1799.

The Springbury Lots.

REMAINING OFF will commence selling at
Vendue, at the *Coffee House*, on Thursday the
13th June, at 9 o'clock in the evening, where a plan
may be seen, as also at Ogden's Tavern in Chest-
nut-Street.

The elevated situation of many of these Lots, and
the advantage of obtaining Stone and Sand, on very
reasonable terms must render them desirable
to such persons as wish to enjoy fresh air at an easy
Expense, and within a short walk of the City.

The ground is laid out in Lots from about half
an Acre to 5 Acres.—The terms will be Cash for
Lots of 50 feet front and under, and for those
of larger Sizes half Cash and the other half in 6
months.

JOHN CONNELLY & Co. Auctioneers.
June 7.